

NATION'S MILITIA BEING
ASSEMBLED FOR BORDER

President's Call For Troops Was Followed by Prompt Activity in Every State in Which The Militia Had Not Already Been Called Out to Meet The Mexican Crisis

CARRANZA TELLS MEXICANS
TO RESTRAIN THEMSELVES

Declares He Is Trying to Bring About Amicable Settlement of Difficulties With United States But He Will Lead the Troops in Person if His Peaceful Efforts Fail

Washington, D. C., June 19.—Not since the Spanish war has the nation seen such military activity as to-day. More than 100,000 national guardsmen in 45 states were under orders to mobilize for Mexican service, constituting virtually the entire militia strength of the United States. Only drilling and recruiting will be in order for the present, but later the militia organizations will be sent to the border for patrol duty, releasing about 30,000 regulars for service in Mexico if war actually develops. President Wilson last night issued the order calling out the militia.

Additional warships are also getting ready to-day to hurry south and stand by Mexican ports to protect Americans.

No offensive attack on Mexico is contemplated. The president only wants stronger forces to defend the border and to be prepared if Carranza troops carry out their threats to strike at the American forces chasing bandits south of the border.

Communications from the Mexican embassy, announcing that there had been a clash between the crew of the gunboat Annapolis and Carranza soldiers at Mazatlan yesterday and asking that during the present tense situation no men be landed in Mexico from American warships under any circumstances, was delivered to the state department to-day.

Secretary of State Lansing announced that the reply to Carranza would go forward to Mexico City during the day, and he declared that the American policy in Mexico remains unchanged regarding the general Mexican situation. Lansing allowed it to become known that despatches to the state department showed increasing excitement and irritation in many sections below the border.

Chairmen Chamberlain and Hay of the Senate and House committees on military affairs were summoned to the White House early to-day. "I have felt all along we would be forced to intervene," said Senator Chamberlain; "the Mexican people are so largely ignorant they have the notion they can whip us, and it will be necessary for us to go in and clean up the situation."

A resolution making immediately effective the militia draft provision in the new army organization bill, under which the guardsmen consenting to take the federal oath would be available for services anywhere immediately, has been prepared by war department officials and Chairman Hay of the House military committee and may be presented to Congress to-day.

GEN. CARRANZA INCLINED
TO BE LESS BELLIGERENT

Mexico City, June 19.—Carranza, addressing a mass meeting in front of his residence last night, urged the citizens to refrain from hostile acts against Americans and declared he had hopes of peacefully arranging the difficulties between Mexico and the United States.

"This is not the time for hasty action," he said. "I am trying to arrange the difficulties with the United States peacefully, and I want you to help me. Go to your homes and be good Mexicans, remembering also that I will do my utmost to preserve the dignity of the Mexican nation. If forced to resort to arms, I will lead you in person."

The crowd, which was composed of several thousand, cheered the remarks of the first chief. Early in the evening, a big demonstration had been made in front of the national palace, and afterwards the demonstrators had paraded through the principal streets of the city.

GENERAL BELL AT EL PASO, TEXAS,
EXPRESSES CONFIDENCE

El Paso, Texas, June 19.—Developments in the Mexican situation caused excitement to-day paralleling that following the crossing of the frontier by the first American expeditionary command at Columbus over three months ago. The authorities admit that preparations were made for any eventualities, but anticipate no trouble in the immediate vicinity.

General Bell, commanding 3,500 troops here, seemed to be confident that he could cope with any emergency. It was rumored, however, that big bodies of Carranza men are in the vicinity and that General Trevino, the Carranza commander in the north, is arming all male citizens over 18 years old.

Washington, D. C., June 19.—Mobilization of the National Guardsmen to support General Funston's line will pave the way for releasing some 30,000 regulars for immediate service in Mexico in the event of open hostilities with the Carranza government. The guardsmen themselves could not be used beyond the line without authority of Congress and until they had volunteered for that duty, as they are called out under the old militia law. The new law, which would make them available for any duty un-

der the federal government, goes into effect July 1.

The entire mobile regular army in the United States, several provisional regiments of regular coast artillery serving as infantry and the National Guard of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, now are on the border, or in Mexico. Definite figures have never been made public, but it is understood General Funston has about 40,000 regulars and probably 3,000 or more guardsmen, of whom 10,000 regulars are with General Pershing or scattered along his line of communications.

from Nacopita, Texas, to Columbus, N. M.

Telegrams calling for the militia were sent last night to the governors of all states except the three whose guardsmen already have been mustered in, after an all day conference at the war department attended by Secretary Baker, Major General Scott, chief of staff, Major General Bliss, chief of the mobile army, and Brigadier General Mills, chief of the militia division general staff. Brigadier General McCombs, president of the Army War college, also was consulted.

By the new orders there will be placed at General Funston's disposal two major generals and 21 brigadier generals of militia, with their complete infantry commands. The entire infantry divisions from New York and Pennsylvania are called out, as are fifteen full brigades from other states. In all 88 regiments of infantry, with thirteen separate battalions and many separate companies are affected, giving a total of 1,148 companies, each of which must have a minimum strength of 65 men when mustered into the federal service. The total enlisted force of infantry therefore would be not less than \$5,000 men.

Less than 500 companies scattered throughout the country, will not be mustered and the National Guard coast artillery companies have not been summoned. Official reports that recent raids along the border had created alarm among American residents in Mexico City and elsewhere beyond the border were reflected to-day in a message received at the Mexican embassy from Gen. Carranza. It stated that Carranza's war against the United States was not a war of aggression, but a war of defense. Carranza's army, he stated, was not a war of aggression, but a war of defense. Carranza's army, he stated, was not a war of aggression, but a war of defense.

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of Mexican bandits who Friday night raided Texas ranches and attacked the detachment of the 26th infantry east of San Benito—the fourth American punitive expedition to enter Mexico was withdrawn yesterday. There were no American casualties.

Promises were given by the Carranza commander at Matamoros that he would run down and punish the outlaws.

Two bandits were killed and two wounded in an action with a detachment of about 16 Mexicans when the Americans began to withdraw.

The withdrawn expedition camped last night at San Pedro, Tex., about 12 miles west of Brownsville, waiting developments, after having, according to Gen. James Parker's official report, "cleared out a net of bandits on ranches opposite the San Pedro-Ranchito district." These ranches included the Tabuanchal ranch, about 10 miles west of Matamoros, which is notorious as a bandit haven.

SAY STATE OF WAR
ALREADY EXISTS

Mexican Government in Yucatan Has Ordered All Americans Out, According to Returning People.

Galveston, Tex., June 19.—The Mexican government in Yucatan has issued a proclamation ordering all Americans from Mexico and declaring a state of war existing between the two countries, according to passengers arriving here today on the Norwegian steamer Nils from Progreso.

FUNSTON PICKS MILITIA.

Wants New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois Organizations First.

San Antonio, Tex., June 19.—It was indicated to-day that Gen. Funston would request the war department to send him first the militia from New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois, as he believed he can make practical use immediately of these organizations.

WARSHIPS UNDER ORDERS.

Secretary Daniels Sends Them to Both Coasts.

Washington, D. C., June 19.—Secretary Daniels last night ordered several additional gunboats and other small craft on both the east and west coasts to Mexican waters.

Mr. Daniels described the movement of ships as "precautionary." He directed Rear Admiral Winslow, commander of the west coast division, to make a selection of several available vessels and dispatch them to join other vessels at ports which he is now watching.

Rear Admiral Benson, chief aid for operations in the navy department, was called into conference with Secretary Daniels last night to select the ships to be sent from the east coast. They probably will be dispatched to Vera Cruz and Tampico.

No other additional ship movements are contemplated at the present time, Secretary Daniels declared. It was explained, however, that more may be sent if future developments indicate they are needed.

Vessels stationed on the east coast of Mexico now are: the battleship Nebraska, at Vera Cruz; the gunboats Machias and Marietta, at Tampico; and the gunboat Wheeling, at El Carmen.

On the west coast are the protected cruiser Cleveland, at Guaymas; the supply ship Glacier, cruising between ports; the gunboat Yorktown, at Topolobampo; the protected cruiser Albany, at Mazatlan; the gunboat Annapolis, at Mazatlan; the cruiser Raleigh, at Mazatlan; and the cruiser Raleigh, at Mazatlan.

In former Mexican crises United States gunboats, because of their shallow draft, have been able to enter small rivers along the coast and rescue American refugees.

GERMAN INFANTRY
WAS DRIVEN BACK
NEAR HILL 321

German Artillery is Continuing a Bombardment of French Positions On Dead Man's Hill.

Paris, June 19.—A German infantry attack on French positions north of Hill 321 was repulsed by French batteries yesterday, according to the official statement to-day. The Germans are continuing a bombardment of Dead Man's Hill in the Chantonnay region.

CZERNOWITZ FALLS
BEFORE RUSSIANS

Invaders Captured the Remnants of Austrian Defenders, Numbering 1000 Men—The Others Having Fled Westward.

London, June 19.—Czernowitz, capital of the Austrian Crownland of Bukovina, is in the hands of the Russians, and the Austrians who held it are in retreat toward the Carpathian mountains. Hard fighting took place in the capture of the Czernowitz bridgehead and in the passage of the river Pruth, but when finally the Russians gained the right bank of the river the Austrians evacuated the capital, leaving 1,000 prisoners and some guns in the hands of the Russians.

BULGARIAN TROOPS MOVE.

Have Began March from Florina and Monastir.

Paris, June 19.—The Havas correspondent at Saloniki telegraphs that news has just been received there that Bulgarian troops in the region of Florina and Monastir have begun an advance.

DEMANDS APOLOGY
FROM AUSTRIA

Second Note from United States Government Also Demands Reparation for Lives Lost in Tank Steamer Petrolite.

Washington, D. C., June 19.—The second note to Austria-Hungary stating the Austrian submarine attack on the American tank steamer Petrolite which was coded at the state department to-day for immediate transmission to Vienna, is understood to demand an apology for the attack and reparation for damage.

VERMONT
SOLDIERS
GATHER

Order Transmitted by Regiment Officers to Company Commanders, and the Call to Duty Was at Once Given to the Enlisted Men in the Several Cities and Towns

READY FOR SERVICE
IN A SHORT TIME

Adjutant-General Tillotson Says the Men Are in a Fair State of Proficiency—Fire Alarms Were Rung in Many Places to Call Out the Men

Immediately on receiving the president's order to mobilize for Mexican border duty, the Vermont National Guard began the preparations, the officers of the First regiment being busy through the early morning hours in passing the word along to the cities and towns where companies are stationed. Adjutant General Lee S. Tillotson of St. Albans announced that the mobilization would take place at the state camp ground near Fort Ethan Allen and that the men would assemble at their armories and await the word to proceed to the state headquarters.

The peace strength of the Vermont National Guard is 800 infantry and 175 cavalry, the latter being the Norwich university cadets. Adjutant General Tillotson says that the regiment is in a fair state of proficiency and can leave for the border in a short time.

Adjutant General Tillotson transmitted the order from the president to the commanding officer, Col. Ira L. Reeves of Northfield, and the latter notified each company commander to hold his company in readiness at the home station. The order found Col. Reeves in the midst of commencement exercises at Norwich university, of which he is president. His inauguration as president is scheduled to occur Wednesday afternoon.

The infantry regiment is composed of twelve companies, located at Rutland, Newport, St. Albans, Burlington, St. Johnsbury, Bellows Falls, Winoski, University of Vermont, Burlington, Northfield, Montpelier, Brattleboro and Springfield.

THE CALL TO ARMS
HEARD IN BARRE
AT EARLY HOUR

Six Blasts, Twice Repeated, on the Fire Alarm Notified National Guardsmen, Goddard Battalion and Others That They Were Wanted for Service.

National Guardsmen in Barre affiliated with H company at the capital, the Goddard seminary wing of the Norwich battalion, and others in Barre and vicinity who are subject to an immediate call to the colors heard the tocsin this morning at 5:45 o'clock when a succession of six long blasts from the fire alarm was given three times. The militiamen knew what the alarm meant, even though a good many other people, including children who were startled from their peep-o'-dawn sleep, mistook the call for a fire alarm.

Perhaps the most significant indication that there is serious business to be done along the Mexican border came when 25 young men at Goddard seminary, several of them slated for diplomatic this week, were ordered to report at battalion headquarters in Northfield. Some 12 or 15 young men connected with the Montpelier company made haste to report at the capital and Capt. C. Newell Barber, who is an adjutant on the general staff, hastened back to Northfield, after passing the week-end in the city. There are also scattering members of other military organizations in and about Barre who are to report at once.

Goddard's column left the seminary hill at 8 o'clock this morning, each man in uniform, and marched to the Central Vermont station, there to entrain for Northfield. Sergt. Shepard and Corp. K. Tillotson were in command and the following students made up the remainder of the contingent: Rock, Swingley, McIntosh, Welch, Guernsey, Livingston, Newton, Chapman, Wallace, Wark, McNabb, Phelps, Billodeau, Knutson, Keefe, Barber, Bancroft, Haskett and Wilson. Prior. Hollister stated that a number of battalion members were ordered to remain at the school because they do not come within the age limit imposed by the service regulations. The seminary students, having formed their battalion last winter, have been under the tutelage of Norwich officers for several months. None of them showed the least hesitancy in responding to the call this morning.

The dispatch received by The Times last night stating that the president had called out the state militia units put the men at the fire station in an expectant mood and no one was surprised when Capt. Edward Coughlan of Co. H called Acting Chief Carpenter by telephone this morning at 5 o'clock and asked him to sound the mobilization call. Chief Carpenter rang the call from the station at 5:45 and a few moments afterward the Montpelier call sounded.

Among the H company guardsmen who are liable to service are: Ralph Lawless, Archie McDonald, Leslie Young, A. Sawyer, Alfred Edwards, John McDonald and Guy George. A. McDonald, who is employed in a New Haven, Conn., munitions plant, was advised by telegram this morning to report.

William R. Dewey, a brickman, and A. E. Spaulding, a fireman, both employed in the Central Vermont freight yards, were notified to report at the armory in St. Albans as they are enlisted in B company. Joseph Williams of this city is a private in K company at Springfield and planned to report at once. Louis Roux, a private in the 57th coast artillery at Fort Totten, N. Y., who is spending a furlough at his home near Berlin pond, expected to be called in at once.

Lieut. H. B. P. Boody of Norwich was in town at an early hour notifying Barre men connected with the Norwich reserves to be ready. He met Adj. C. N. Barber here in the city and the two returned to Northfield by automobile. Both officers declared that recruits might be received at Northfield, as several companies about the state are not up to the maximum in numbers.

Recruiting signs were distributed about town to-day, giving directions as to where applicants may be received by recruiting officers.

CO. H UNDER ARMS.

Montpelier Militia Company Is at Present Composed of 56 Men.

Responding to the call issued at 6 o'clock this morning, the call consisting of the fire alarm being sounded eight times notifying them that their presence was required at the armory, officers and members of Co. H, V. N. G., are waiting at their headquarters for additional orders to be issued by Col. Ira L. Reeves relative to the president's call for the militia to mobilize.

The strength of Co. H at present is 56 men, including the officers, and instructions were received by Capt. Coughlan this forenoon from Col. Reeves to recruit enough to make the minimum strength of 65. It is Capt. Coughlan's intention eventually to recruit to the full strength. At 6 o'clock this forenoon seven had applied to the University of Vermont papers. Perley Wells enjoys the distinction of being the first to respond to the call this morning, beating Henry Galaise by fast sprinting.

READY TO GO TO CAMP.

Companies M, C and G Are Getting Many Enlistments.

Burlington, June 19.—Companies M of Burlington, C of the University of Vermont and G of Winoski, of the Vermont National Guard, were recruited nearly to the strength of 65 men at noon to-day. The enrollments were coming in well. The companies are ready to proceed to the state camp at the military post.

Burlington, June 19.—Company C, Vermont National Guard, composed of 65 students of the University of Vermont, has erected tents and gone into camp on the back campus awaiting orders to proceed to Fort Ethan Allen. The officers of the company are: Captain Cooley of Rutland; first lieutenant, C. D. Hayden of Underhill; second lieutenant, R. P. Burrage of Leonister, Mass.

GOV. GATES GOT MESSAGE.

Was at St. Johnsbury When He Got the President's Order.

St. Johnsbury, June 19.—An order from Secretary of War Baker for the mobilization of the Vermont National Guard was received by Gov. Gates at 10:45 last night at St. Johnsbury house. The message was a 500-word note calling out the state militia for service on the Mexican border and the number available for immediate service. An answer was sent by State Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs Benjamin Gates at 11:45 to the effect that the order had been received and that the governor would proceed accordingly. The answer was received and recognized by United States Secretary of War Baker.

In an interview early in the evening Gov. Gates acknowledged the receipt of a wire from Secretary of State Bailey as to the seriousness of the situation in Mexico and said: "Taking the report as given by General Funston to the war department, makes me think the matter has reached a crisis and probably some very severe fighting may be expected."

"I have been expecting it to come for several weeks and the dilly-dallying of the administration has been productive of just the kind of breaks that we have had."

The feeling of hatred experienced in Mexico during the last few months has been productive, especially since the raid by Villa's bandits on Columbus and the fact that the army officers in Mexico find Carranza men among the bandits is very significant."

When asked concerning the condition of the Vermont state militia the governor said that after a conference the other day with State Adjutant General Lee S. Tillotson of St. Albans he found the militia to be in the best of condition and highly effective.

When asked how quickly Vermont's troops could be mobilized, the governor said as quickly as any state in the union and quicker than most, which is due partly to the size of the state, and also to the fact that the companies are not scattered any great distances and the transportation facilities are excellent.

CLASS OF 45 CANDIDATES.

Received Knights of Columbus Third Degree in Montpelier.

Several hundred Knights of Columbus from St. Albans, Burlington, Rutland and the smaller cities and towns gathered in Montpelier yesterday afternoon to participate in the working of the third degree on a class of 45 candidates. The degree work was conducted by Hon. George H. Boivin of Quebec, P. Q., and there were a number of state officers present. The local council and visiting knights gathered in the club rooms at 4 o'clock and marched to St. Augustine's church for the benediction and in the evening a banquet was enjoyed at the Pavilion hotel. Among those from out of town who spoke were Hon. George H. Boivin, S. M. Driscoll, state deputy of St. Albans; Past State Deputy Charles F. Mann of Brattleboro; State Adjutant R. W. Mulvaney of Hardwick; P. J. McAuliffe of Burlington.

TO THE SENIORS
OF GODDARD

Rev. Dr. Vincent Eaton Tomlinson of Worcester, Mass., Brought a Message

IN OPENING 47TH
COMMENCEMENT

Exercises Were Held in the University Church Yesterday

Goddard's 1916 graduating class went to church yesterday. Exercises that marked the opening of the seminary's 47th annual commencement were held at the Universalist church in the forenoon at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Vincent Eaton Tomlinson of Worcester, Mass., delivered the commencement sermon and appropriate music interludes were filled by the girls' glee club, Miss Mildred Kent as soloist and the church organist, Prof. W. A. Wheaton. There was present a large congregation, including a number of people, relatives and friends of the graduates, who are in Barre for the various events that are to make up the commencement week program at the school on the hill.

For the first time in days there were sunny skies Sunday morning and even though a forenoon shower, which set in while the services were under way, threatened for the moment to have its dampening effect on spirits, the weather continued measurably pleasant and the first event of the June closing may be described as a worthy precursor of the exercises that are to follow through the week. The church was attractively decorated with ferns and over the rostrum the senior class motto, "Facta Non Verba," was framed. Members of the senior and junior classes acted as ushers and toward the front of the nave, several tiers of seats were reserved for the graduates and the faculty board.

Dr. Tomlinson's address was of the kind that lingers long in the memory. It was in conformance to a long established custom on commencement Sunday that he addressed, in closing his sermon, a few words of parting advice to the 1916 class, whose members stood while the clergyman spoke. The sermon was a storehouse of epigrams and significant quotations from the prose and poetry of the ages and other days. The Worcester clergyman, like Dean Lee S. McCollister of the Crane Theological school, who addressed the graduating class at Goddard in 1915, is a graduate of Tufts, where Prof. O. K. Hollister of the seminary and Rev. J. B. Reardon of the Universalist church also matriculated. Something of the pleasure which Dr. Tomlinson experienced in speaking to the seminary students was reflected in his opening remarks and in the brief introduction by Rev. Mr. Reardon as each referred reminiscently to old days at the Medford institution.

While the seniors and members of the faculty were marching into the church, Prof. Wheaton played the organ voluntary, the march from the Hugenots (Meyerbeer) and the service opened with the anthem, "Rejoice Ye with Jerusalem" (Spinnery). Not in many Goddard graduation weeks has the music been such a fine feature as yesterday. The chorus work of the girl singers was a revelation to the congregation and it is to be hoped that the glee club may be heard again before the doings of the week are concluded. The invocation followed the first musical number and then the responsive reading, with Rev. Mr. Reardon leading. The glee club was heard again in "Hark, Hark, My Soul" (Shelley) and afterward Dr. Tomlinson read the scripture lesson. To his prayer the glee club sang the response by Beethoven and just before the sermon Miss Mildred Kent sang "Like as the Hart" (Allister). Prof. Wheaton playing the organ accompaniment.

The Address. Dr. Tomlinson was introduced to the congregation by Rev. Mr. Reardon, who spoke of his own intimate acquaintance with the preacher in former times. Dr. Tomlinson prefaced his sermon with remarks concerning his visit to Vermont, of his sojourn at Middlebury college and then in Burlington while en route to Barre. His text was taken from the first chapter of St. John's gospel, the 28th verse, which reads, "Rabbi, where dwellest thou?"

The preacher drew an analogy between the dwelling that is material and the dwelling that is in one's thoughts. Life's great highway is not a question of communities, streets and street numbers, he said, but rather a question of where one is not at home in his thoughts. After all we are not so much concerned with the tangible aspects of our environment, he went on, as we are with the realm of thought wherein character is moulded. Destiny is shaped by the place we make for ourselves in that realm. We are rich or poor, according to our spirit. The man with a million dollars is a pauper if there is penury in his thoughts. The day may be cloudy or sunny, according to our disposition. In these present days, the preacher said, this last axiom is especially applicable. Outside conditions have no bearing on our actions if we choose the right locale in the realm of thought.

There is a world of broad thought and one where thoughts are narrow. Which do you choose? Some men are as much at home in the solar system as others are in their own back yards. It is true, the speaker continued, that we are gifted in varying degrees with the faculty for appreciating those things that are enriching. Here he quoted from a well known poem to indicate that much may be had for the asking in God's great universe even though sorrow and doubt beset one on every side.

Man's happiness on earth is determined largely by the hospitality with which he receives the thoughts that enrich life.

(Continued on second page.)